

 #WCD2019

AEDV

HIGHLIGHTS

24th World Congress of Dermatology (WCD)

10-15
JUNIO
2019

Milán



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janssen  Immunology
PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANIES OF 

Organiza:



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Diagnostic imaging in dermatology: confocal microscopy- clinical implications

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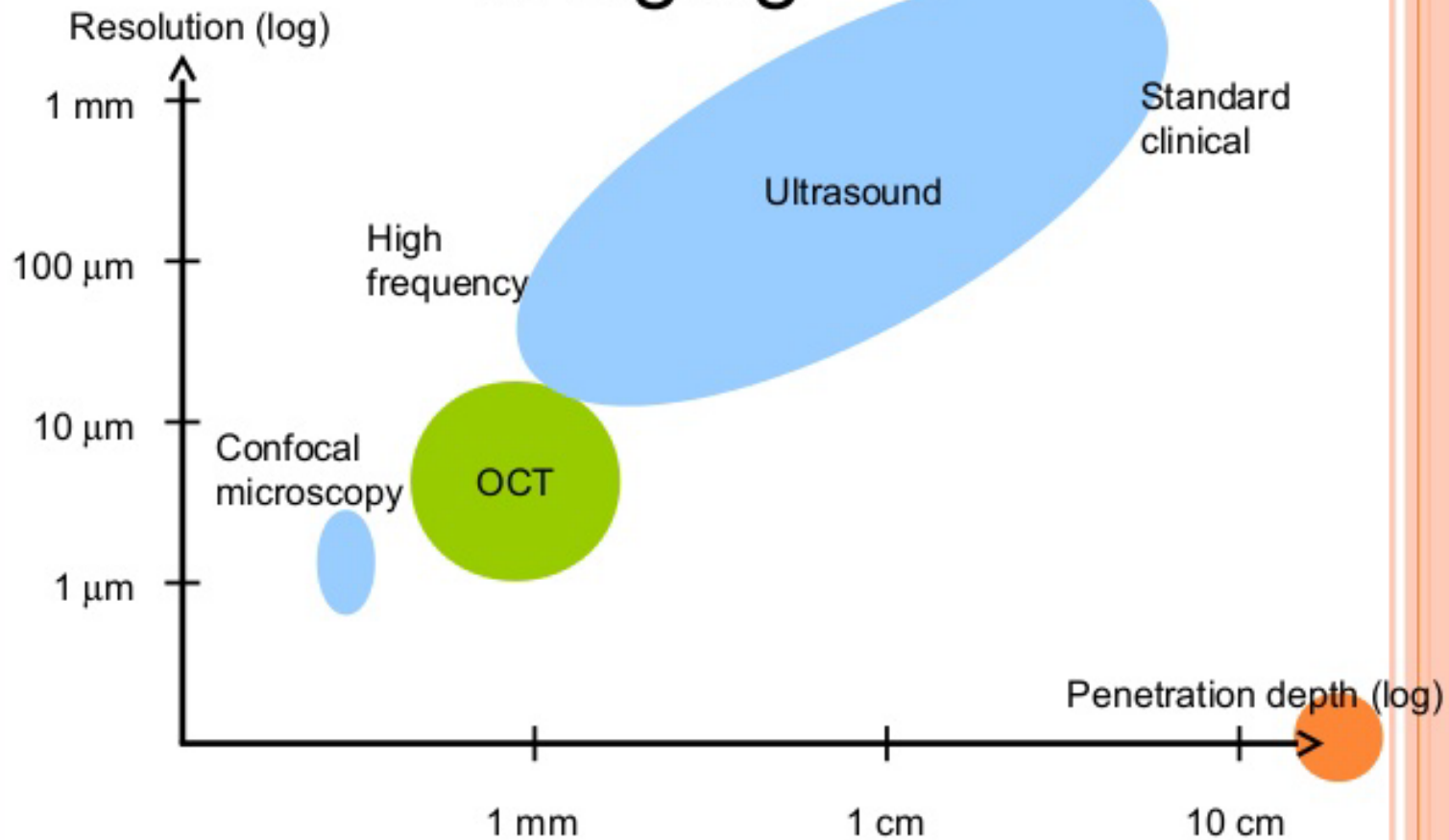
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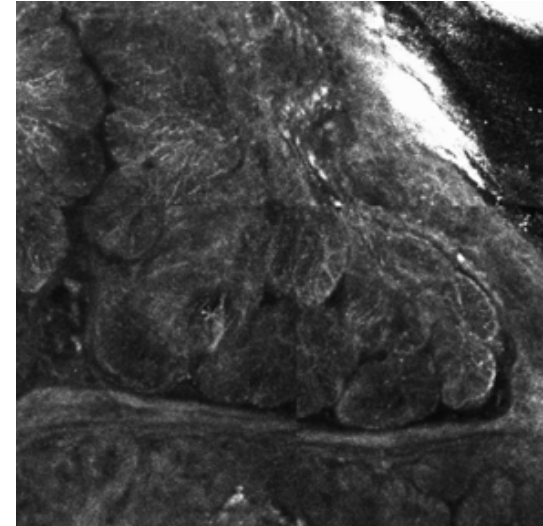
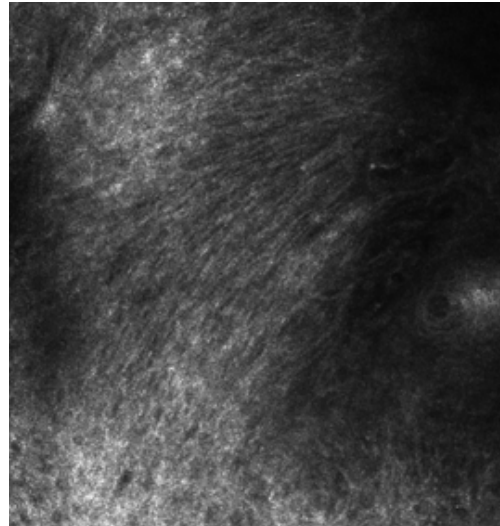
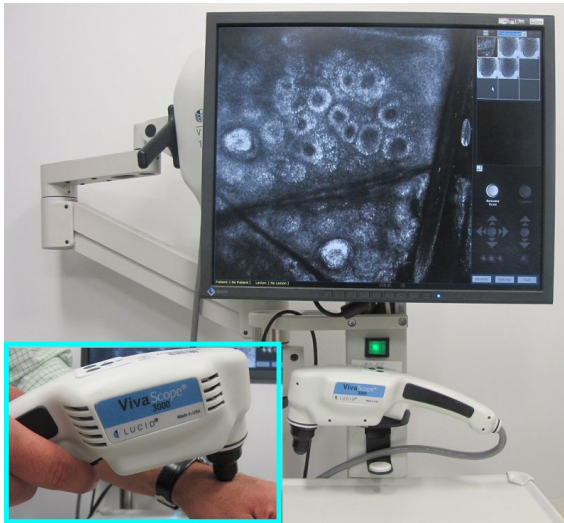


OCT vs. standard imaging



Reflectance Confocal Microscopy

- Non-invasive imaging modality (low-powered laser system)
 - Real-time, cellular-level resolution images
- Can rapidly assess skin in x-y plane and up to 150 μ m deep into tissue
- Characteristics have been defined for melanoma and NMSC, and other dermatologic conditions



Reflectance confocal microscopy terminology glossary for nonmelanocytic skin lesions: A systematic review



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Reflectance Confocal Microscopy made easy: the four must-know key features for the diagnosis of melanoma and non-melanoma skin cancers.

[Pellacani G](#)¹, [Scope A](#)², [Gonzalez S](#)³, [Guitera P](#)⁴, [Farnetani F](#)¹, [Malveyh J](#)⁵, [Witkowski A](#)⁶, [De Carvalho N](#)⁷, [Lupi O](#)⁸, [Longo C](#)⁹.

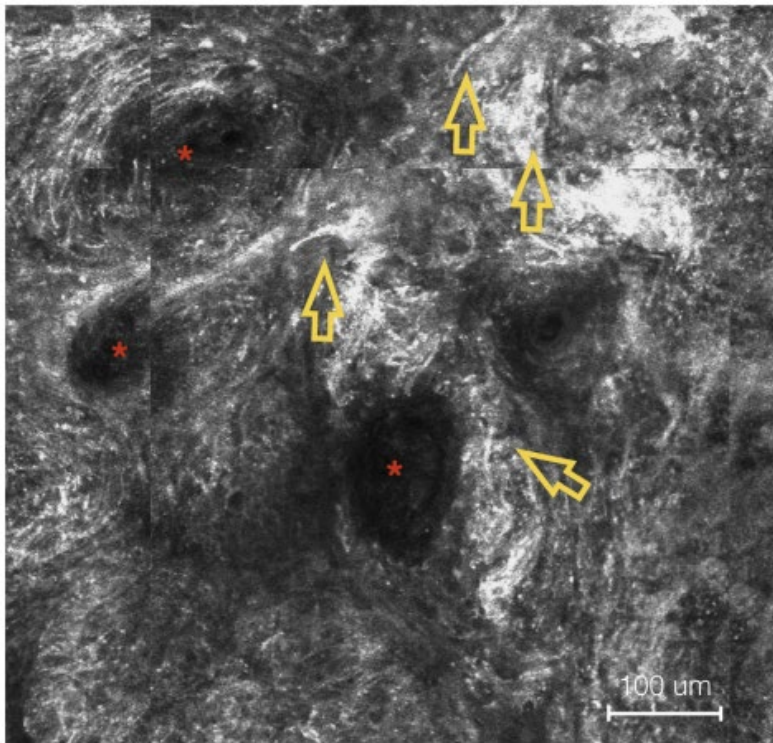
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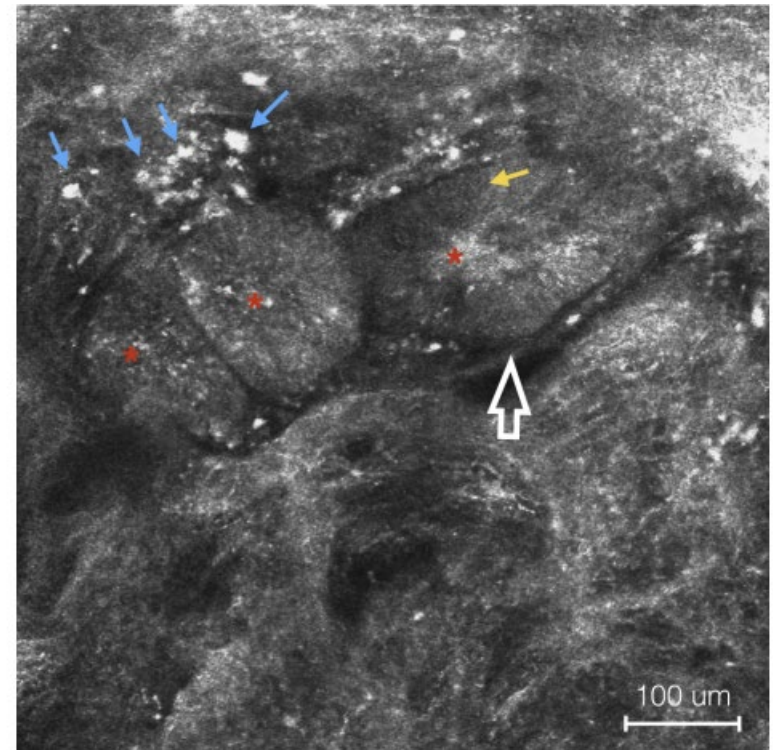
- Novice users of RCM may diagnose common skin cancers with reasonable sensitivity (75%) and specificity (91%) by recognizing a shortlist of quintessential RCM features
- This simplified approach may facilitate dissemination of RCM among dermatologists



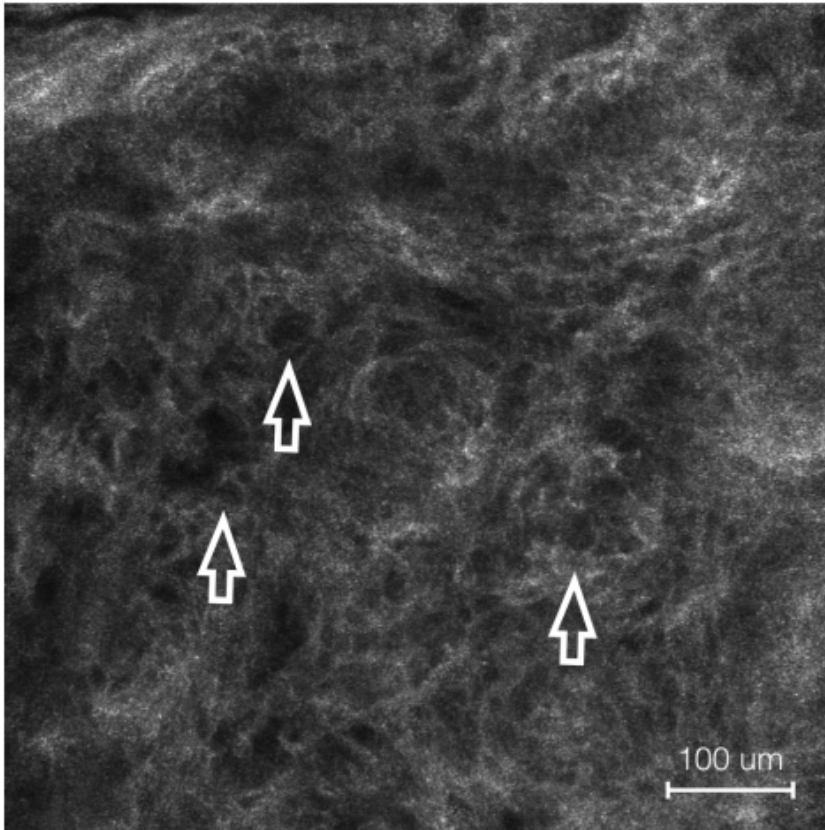
Dermal-epidermal junction (DEJ) Disarray



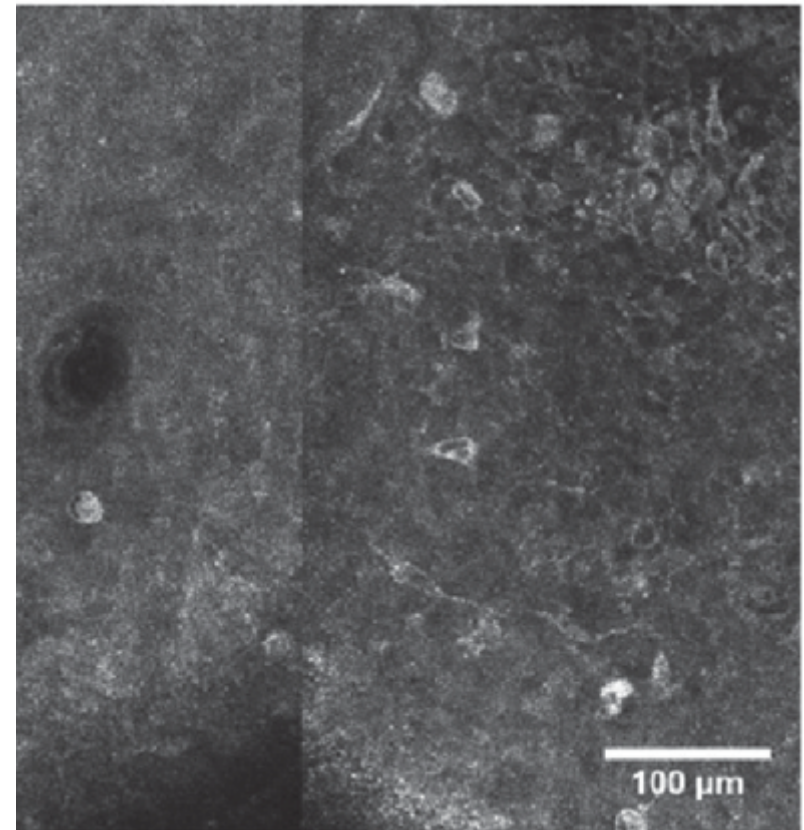
Basaloid cords/islands



Keratinocyte disarray



Atypical cells



RCM for other skin conditions: vasculitis

- Ex vivo confocal laser scanning microscopy would be an alternative method of diagnosis for vascular immune deposits in patients with vasculitis
- Could identify immune deposits along the vessel walls with vasculitis
- The deposition patterns were homogenous, linear or granular along the vessel wall, similar to those in DIF microscopy
- C3 was the most common immunoreactant deposited in the vessel walls by using both methods, followed by IgM and fibrinogen

