

# HIGHLIGHTS

24<sup>th</sup> World Congress of Dermatology (WCD)

# 10-15 JUNIO 2019





Patrocina:







# **Onicology and trichology**

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Patrocina:





#### Nail Dermoscopy -

Bianca Piraccini / Luc Thomas / Sergio Hirata

# Nail apparatus melanoma: dermoscopic and histopathologic correlation

- 23 patients (6 males, 17 females)
- Age between 18 and 92 (mean 63 years)
- LONGITUDINAL MELANONYCHIA: 14 patients
- HUTCHINSON SIGN: 4 cases
- Dystrophy of the nail plate: 7 cases
- The THUMB was the most frequently involved (8 cases)









- Blurred borders (85.7%)
- Blurred lines (71.4%)
- Lines interrupted (35.7%)
- Nail plate destruction (35.7%)
- Hutchinson's sign (28.5%)

Melanoma in situ

i0% micro Hutchinson's sign!



#### Nail Dermoscopy -

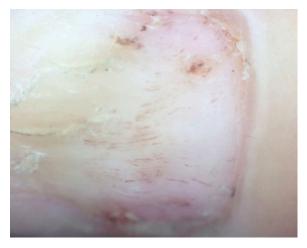
Bianca Piraccini / Luc Thomas / Sergio Hirata

# Dermoscopic features of onychotillomania

- 36 patients (12 males, 24 females)
- Age between 28 and 72 (mean 56 years)
- The FINGERNAILS were the most frequently involved (21 cases)

#### • DERMOSCOPY:

- Scales (94.4%) in the nail bed, nail folds, and hyponychium
- Absence of the nail plate (83.3%)
- Wavy lines (69.4%)
- Hemorrhages (63.9%)
- Crusts (61.1%)
- Nail bed GRAY pigmentation (47.2%)
- Speckled dots (38.9%)
- Melanonychia (11.1%).





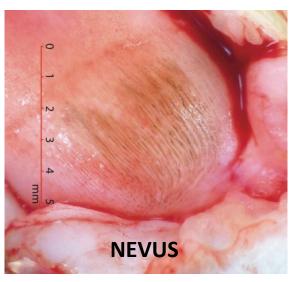


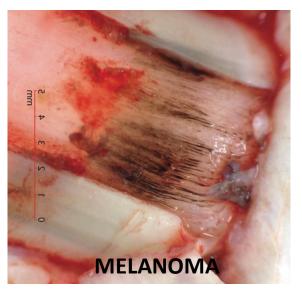
### Nail Dermoscopy –

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# Intraoperative dermoscopy for melanonychia

- 4 posible patterns:
  - Regular gray pattern melanocyte activation
  - Regular brown pattern benign melanocytic hiperplasia
  - Regular brown pattern with globules or blotches – melanocytic nevi
  - Irregular pattern (longitudinal lines of irregular colors and thicknesses) - melanoma







# Nail Dermoscopy – Bianca Piraccini / Luc Thomas / Sergio Hirata

Nail Dermoscopy in connective tissue disorders

- USEFUL TIPS
  - Use 40-60x
  - Do not pressure!
  - Advanced disease may show loss of capillaries
  - DERMATOMYOSITIS: dilated capillaries and low density
  - LUPUS: less expressive under dermoscopy and capillary density is normal





Milàn

Systemic treatments for alopecia areata: a systematic review (equipo de R Sinclair)

- A systematic review between 1946 and March 2018
- Evaluated the effectiveness of systemic treatments
- 16 studies were included with a total of **768 participants.**
- We found **8 placebo-controlled** RCTs, 3 RCTs comparing 2 systemic treatments and 5 RCTs comparing 3 treatments.
- 15 different systemic therapies were investigated:
  - Oral prednisolone pulse therapy
  - Inosiplex in 3 studies
- There is currently no systemic therapy that is supported by robust body of evidence from RCTs.
- Evidence does not support the use of oral zinc sulphate, alefacept and efalizumab.



# Refractory, moderate to severe alopecia areata. A retrospective review of 127 patients tofacitinib for chronic (equipo de R Sinclair)

- 42 males and 85 females // Aged 11-68 years
- 92 multifocal AA and 35 had alopecia totalis or universalis (AT/AU).

#### • At 3 months:

- 56% of patients experienced increased hair growth
- 12% complete remission

#### • At 12 months:

- 86% showed regrowth
- 40% complete remission

#### At 18 months

- 90% showed regrowth
- 80% complete remission.
- <u>28 (38%) patients were able to cease all other systemic medications.</u>
- 14 patients stopped tofacitinib either due to cost, side effects or lack of efficacy.
- Side effects: none were severe, were uncommon.



The profile of cytokines (IL-2, IFN-, IL-4, IL-10,IL-17A and IL-23) In active alopecia areata (equipo de N Mesinkovska)

- To assess the serum levels of cytokines secreted by Th1 (IL-2, IFN-gamma;), Th2 (IL-4), Th17 (IL-23, IL-17A) and Treg (IL-10) pathways in patients of active AA and to correlate their levels with the severity of the disease.
- CASOS CONTROL: 40 patients with untreated active AA of the scalp
  - 个IL-2, IFN-γ, IL-17A and IL-10
  - × IL-23
  - ↓IL-4
- SALT Score related to IL-2, IL-17A and IL-23

#### Th1 and Th17 pathways play a central role



Alopecia totalis responding remarkably to oral cyclosporine: a study of 25 children (equipo de S Dhar)

- Oral cyclosporine for 1 year (3-5mg/kg body weight/day)
- 25 children with alopecia totalis
- After 3 months: 30% hair growth in 50% children
- After 6 months: 60% improvement in 70% of children
- After 1 year: stable growth in 80% children.
- Follow up at 2 years 60% children had retained hair
- 20% there was few recurrence of few alopecia patches
- None of the children had developed side effects.



Azathioprine in combination with methotrexate: a therapeutic alternative in severe and recalcitrant forms of alopecia areata? (equipo de A Taïeb)

- 18 patients (15 women)
- At least a 6 months history of AA and a failure to a first line of systemic therapy, including pulsed methylprednisolone plus MTX (medium dose 20mg).
- 9 had severe multifocal AA (MAA) and 9 had alopecia totalis (AT)

#### AZA 50 mg/d and progressively increased + MTX 15-25 mg/week sc.

- After 6 months: hair regrowth in 10 patients(55.5%),
- At 1 year: hair regrowth in 50% of patients and continue treatment
- 5 stopped for no efficacy
- 4 stopped for side effects (3 gastrointestinal and 1 lymphopenia).

